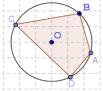
Lycée Des Arts
 Mathematics
 8<sup>th</sup>-Grade

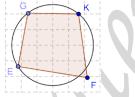
 Name:
 "Inscribed Quadrilaterals"
 A.S-12.

## $Ex_1$ :

- 1- What is a quadrilateral? .....
- 2- Name 5 quadrilaterals that you already know. .....

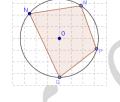
 $Ex_2$ : Tick the figure that has all of its vertices on the circle?





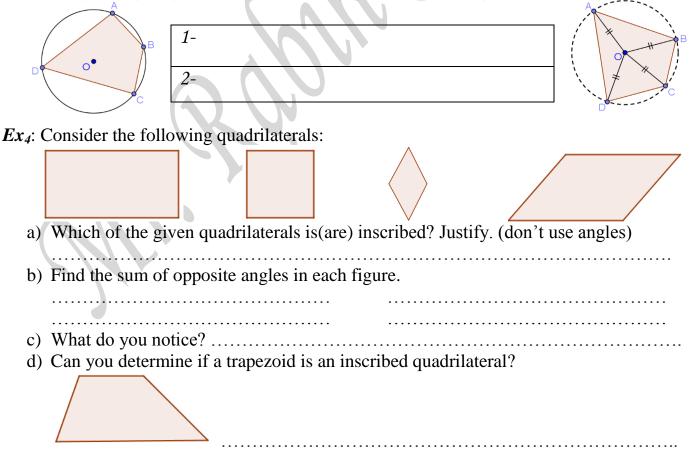
A. <u>Def</u>: A quadrilateral is said to be *inscribed* in a circle (or we say *cyclic*); if its four vertices belong to this circle.

.....



B. How to prove a quadrilateral to be inscribed?

 $Ex_3$ : Justify briefly why each of the following quadrilaterals is cyclic?

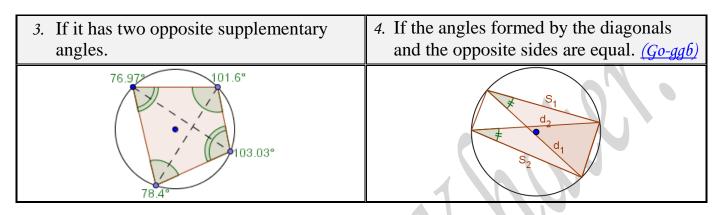


e) Can you find a trapezoid which is inscribed? Justify your choice.

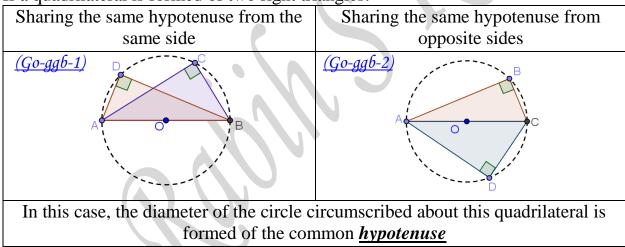
## Conclusions

## *I. <u>General cases</u>:* A quadrilateral is inscribed in a circle:

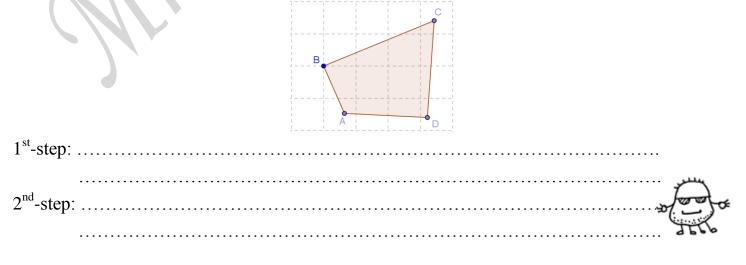
- 1. If its four vertices belong to this circle.  $(Ex_3: Fig-1)$
- 2. If there exists a point that is equidistant from all four vertices of a quadrilateral. (Fig-2)



- *II. <u>Special case</u>:* A convex quadrilateral is *cyclic* 
  - 4. If a quadrilateral is formed of two right triangles:



How to find the circumcenter of an inscribed quadrilateral in general? Device a two steps procedure to locate the circumcenter of the following quadrilateral: (ggb)



Mathematics A.S-12. Inscribed Quadrilaterals