

$$\begin{aligned}
 5a) \quad T &= \frac{\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{125} - \sqrt{80} + \sqrt{9}} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{3^2 \times 5} - \sqrt{2^2 \times 5} - 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{6^2}}{\sqrt{5^2 \times 5} - \sqrt{4^2 \times 5} + \sqrt{3^2}} \\
 &= \frac{3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} + 6}{5\sqrt{5} - 4\sqrt{5} + 3} \\
 &= \frac{6 - 2\sqrt{5}}{3 - \sqrt{5}} \\
 &= \frac{2(3 - \sqrt{5})}{(3 - \sqrt{5})}
 \end{aligned}$$

$T = 2$ which is an integer

$$b) \quad 5(x+1) - \frac{3x}{2} - 1 > \frac{x}{2} - 5$$

$$5x + 5 - \frac{3x}{2} - 1 - \frac{x}{2} > -5$$

$$5x + 4 - \frac{4x}{2} > -5$$

$$3x > -9$$

$$x > -3$$

Since, $T = 2$ is greater than -3 then it satisfies the given inequality.