

4th exercise:

1. F belongs to (AB) (given)

(AB) \parallel (DC) (opp. sides of a parm)

SO, (BF) \parallel (DC)

In Δ 's EBF & EDC we have:

(BF) \parallel (DC) (proved)

E belongs to [BC] & [FD] (given)

SO, Apply Thales' property: Any st. line parallel to a side of a Δ it divides the sides of the Δ proportionally

$$\text{Ratios: } \frac{\text{EB}^{\textcircled{1}}}{\text{EC}} = \frac{\text{EF}^{\textcircled{2}}}{\text{ED}} = \frac{\text{BF}^{\textcircled{3}}}{\text{DC}}$$

but DC = AB (opp. sides of a parm)

$$\text{SO, } \frac{\text{EB}}{\text{EC}} = \frac{\text{BF}}{\text{AB}}$$

2. BC = AD = 6 cm (opp. sides of a parm)

E belongs to [BC] (given)

then BC = BE + EC

$$6 = 2 + \text{EC}$$

$$\text{EC} = 4 \text{ cm}$$

From ratios (1) & (3):

$$\frac{\text{EB}}{\text{EC}} = \frac{\text{BF}}{\text{DC}}$$

$$\frac{x}{4} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$x = 2.67 \text{ cm}$$