

I- Choose with justification the only correct answer:

No.	Propositions	Expected Answers		
		a	b	c
1.	If $-2 \leq x \leq 3$, then	$-3 \leq \frac{1}{x-1} \leq 2$	$-\frac{1}{3} \leq \frac{1}{x-1} \leq \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{x-1}$ Can't be framed in this case
2.	If $x \in [2;5]$ and $1 \leq y \leq 3$ then	$-\frac{24}{3} \leq \frac{-x^2+1}{y} \leq -3$	$-8 \leq \frac{-x^2+1}{y} \leq -1$	$-24 \leq \frac{-x^2+1}{y} \leq -1$

II- In each case, give a framing of: $x + y$; $x - y$; xy ; $\frac{x}{y}$ then x^2 .

a. $2 \leq x \leq 5$ & $4 \leq y \leq 8$.

c. $-3 < x < -1$ & $-5 < y < -2$.

b. $-5 \leq x \leq -2$ & $4 \leq y \leq 8$.

★ d. $-3 < x < 2$ & $1 < y < 5$

III- Given that: $-1 \leq x \leq 3$ & $0 < y < 1$. Encircle $x - y$ and $y - x$.

IV- Given that: $1 \leq a \leq 2$ & $2 \leq b \leq 3$. Enclose $\frac{1}{b}$ then $\frac{a}{b}$.

V- Given that: $\frac{2}{3} < r < \frac{3}{2}$ & $-2 < n < -1$.

a) Bound $-n, 1 - n, \& 3r$.

b) Deduce the framing of: $-r \cdot n, r \cdot n$, then $\frac{1-n}{1+3r}$.

VI- Given: $I = [1;3], J = [4;5]$ & $K = 3|x - y| + |3x - 2y + 8|$

a. If $x \in I$ & $y \in J$, then frame: $x - y$ & $3x - 2y + 8$

b. Write the expression K without absolute value.

VII- Given: $5 \leq x \leq 8$ & $-3 \leq y < -2$

a) Frame: $x + y$, $x - y$ then, deduce that of: $x^2 - y^2$.

b) Encircle: x^2 , y^2 , $\frac{1}{x-2}$ then, $\frac{x^2+y^2}{x-2}$.

VIII- Compare without using calculator the real numbers:

☆ $r = 7 - \sqrt{3}$ and $n = 3 + \sqrt{2}$

IX- Let be a & b any two real numbers so that $0 < a < b$

a. Compare $\frac{2a-1}{a}$ and $\frac{2b-1}{b}$

b. Deduce the comparison of: $\frac{2955}{1978}$ and $\frac{2971}{1986}$

X- Let r be any real number so that, $-2 < r < -1$.

☆ a. Prove that $0 < \frac{r+1}{r} < 1$.

b. Knowing that if n is a real number in the interval $[0;1]$, then $n^2 < n < \sqrt{n}$

☆ Deduce the comparison of $\sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}}$ and $1 + \frac{2}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2}$

XI- Given the three real numbers x, y and z , so that : $x \in [1; 2]$, $-3 \leq y \leq -1$ & $0 \leq z \leq 2$.

a) Frame the expression: $G = \frac{2y}{2x+5z}$.

b) Deduce the value of: $|G|$.

XII- Consider the numbers: $|x| \leq 2$ & $-4 < y < -2$

a. Encircle: $y-x, x^2$ & $-\frac{1}{y}$

b. Deduce the simplification of: $D = \sqrt{(y-x)^2} + \left| \frac{1}{y} \right| - x$